



**FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2026  
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

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## FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2026 MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

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### DATE

This Management Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) of Kootenay Silver Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Company” or “Kootenay”) was prepared by management as at May 20, 2026 and has been reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. It should be read in conjunction with the interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2026 and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, and notes thereto (the “Financial Statements”), which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

This MD&A supplements but does not form part of, the Financial Statements and covers the three months ended March 31, 2026, and the subsequent period up to the date of issue of this MD&A. Additional information relating to the Company is available on the Company’s website or at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).

This MD&A has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of National Instrument 51-102 (“NI-51-102”), and is filed with the relevant Canadian regulatory authorities. Unless otherwise stated, all amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars.

Unless indicated otherwise, technical disclosures within this MD&A have been reviewed and approved by James McDonald, P. Geo, the President, CEO and director of Kootenay. Mr. McDonald is a qualified person under National Instrument 43-101, *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects*.

### Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A contains “forward-looking information” within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation and “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (collectively, “forward-looking statements”). All statements, other than statements of historical fact, which address activities, events or developments that the Company believes, expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to anticipated developments in the Company’s continuing and future operations, the adequacy of the Company’s financial resources and financial projections; statements concerning or the assumptions related to the estimation of mineral resources, methodologies and models used to prepare resource estimates; the conversion of mineral properties to resources; the potential to expand resources; future exploration budgets, plans, targets and work programs; development plans; activities and timetables; grades; metal prices; exchange rates; results of drill programs; environmental risks; political risks and uncertainties; unanticipated reclamation expenses; statements about the Company’s plans for its mineral properties; acquisitions of new properties and the entering into of options or joint ventures; and other events or conditions that may occur in the future.

Forward-looking statements are frequently, but not always, identified by words such as “expects,” “anticipates,” “believes,” “intends,” “estimated,” “potential,” “possible” and similar expressions, or statements that events, conditions or results “will,” “may,” “could” or “should” occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements are statements concerning the Company’s current beliefs, plans and expectations about the future and are inherently uncertain, and actual achievements of the Company or other future events or conditions may differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements due to a variety of risks, uncertainties and other factors, including, without limitation, the risks that: (i) any of the assumptions in the resource estimates turn out to be incorrect, incomplete, or flawed in any respect; (ii) the methodologies and models used to prepare the resource estimates either underestimate or overestimate the resources due to hidden or unknown conditions, (iii) operations are disrupted or suspended due to acts of god, internal conflicts in the country of Mexico, unforeseen government actions or other events; (iv) the Company experiences the loss of key personnel; (v) the Company’s exploration and development activities are adversely affected by other political or military, or terrorist activities; (vi) the Company becomes involved in any material disputes with any of its key business partners, lenders, suppliers or customers; or (vii) the Company is subjected to any hostile takeover or other unsolicited

attempts to acquire control of the Company. Other factors that could cause the actual results to differ materially from current expectations include market prices, exploration success, continued availability of capital and financing, inability to obtain required regulatory approvals and general market conditions, as well as those risks described under the heading “RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES” below. These forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions, including assumptions regarding general market conditions, the timing and receipt of regulatory approvals, the ability of the Company and other relevant parties to satisfy regulatory requirements, the availability of financing for proposed transactions and programs on reasonable terms and the ability of third-party service providers to deliver services in a timely manner. The Company’s forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, expectations and opinions of management on the date the statements are made, and the Company assumes no obligation to update such forward-looking statements in the future, except as required by law. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. For the reasons set forth above, investors should not place undue reliance on the Company’s forward-looking statements.

## **DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

The Company is an exploration stage mining company involved in the exploration and development of mineral properties in Mexico. The Company is classified as a Tier One issuer on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) and its common shares are listed and trade under the symbol “KTN” and the OTCQX under the symbol “KOOYF”. The management and technical team have extensive experience in mineral exploration, development and mining, public company management, operations and Canadian venture capital markets.

## **OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGY**

The Company’s primary objective is to discover or acquire silver-dominant mineral deposits with the potential to become economically viable for development. Each project is evaluated for financial, technical, and market risk before a decision is made to either advance it with internal capital or reduce exposure by optioning all or part of the project to a partner for further exploration or funding. If a project demonstrates economic potential through a preliminary economic assessment, prefeasibility, or feasibility study, the Company may proceed to a production decision. At that stage, mine development funding will be pursued through traditional mine finance sources, joint ventures, or the sale of the Company or project. The pace at which a project is advanced depends on multiple factors, including management’s evaluation of technical results, exploration risks, the likelihood of discovery, and overall economic potential. This evaluation considers historic work, drilling results, resource estimates, metallurgy, environmental impact, community support, permitting requirements, and other relevant factors. Access to capital is also a key determinant in project advancement. In favorable commodity markets, when investor interest in precious metals and exploration is strong, capital is more accessible. This allows the Company greater flexibility to advance certain projects while retaining full ownership and to selectively pursue partner-funded programs on others. In weaker markets, the Company prioritizes option or joint venture agreements to secure funding and continue project development.

The Company has successfully discovered mineral resources through grassroots exploration, including four significant silver discoveries: the Columba deposit, La Cigarra deposit in Chihuahua, Mexico and the Promontorio and La Negra deposits on its Promontorio property in Sonora, Mexico.

Since late 2018, the Company has focused its exploration efforts on the Columba Project, a classic epithermal vein system with significant potential for high-grade silver resource discovery.

## **OVERVIEW OF PERFORMANCE - 2026**

On March 2, and January 8, 2026, the Company announced drill results from a further 18 holes of its ongoing 60,000 meter drill program at Columba.

On February 25, 2026, the Company commenced a three-dimensional induced polarization (“3D-IP”) and Audio-Magnetotelluric (“AMT”) geophysical survey on the Columbia project. The survey will test over 1,250 hectares and is expected to take approximately 8-12 weeks to complete.

On February 10, 2026, the Company announced the closing of its bought deal private placement (the "Offering") for gross proceeds of \$18,000,002, which includes the exercise in full of the over-allotment option. Pursuant to Offering, the Company sold 8,000,001 common shares of the Company at a price of C\$2.25 per Offered Share.

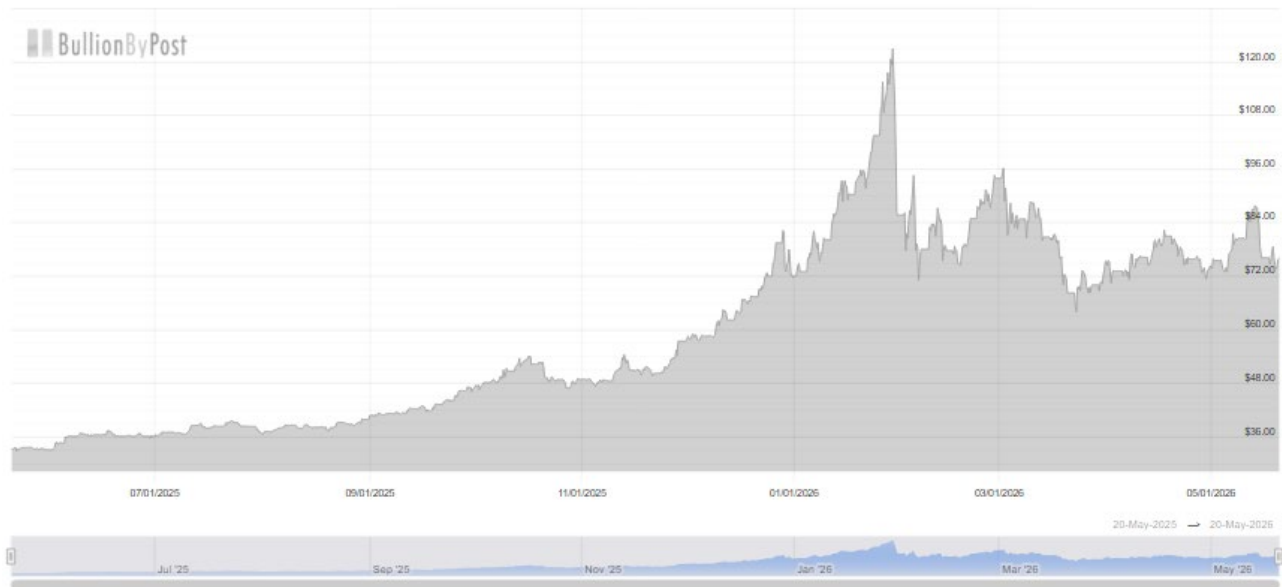
On January 20, 2026, the Company announced it has engaged engineering firms Sacré-Davey Engineering Inc. and Canenco Consulting Corp. to conduct a Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA") on its La Cigarra Silver deposit. The PEA is expected to be finished in the second quarter of this year.

Full details of each news release can be found on the Company’s website.

## SILVER MARKET

According to BullionByPost, an online bullion dealer, over the past rolling year interest in global silver investment has risen significantly. The silver price, as at March 31, 2026 was US\$75.32 per ounce and ended the 2025 year at US\$72.62 (2024: US\$28.90) per ounce, and a rolling 12-month high of US\$122.88 on January 29, 2026, and a low of US\$32.65. The silver spot price as at the date of this MD&A is US\$75.98 per ounce.

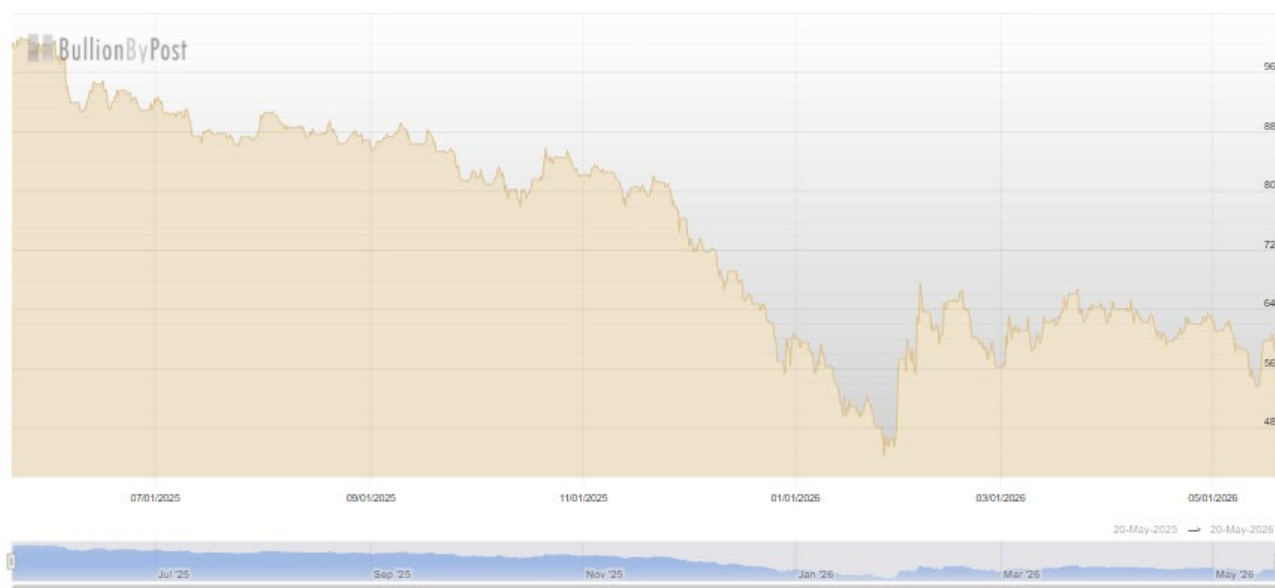
**Chart: One-year rolling Silver price**



Source: [www.bullionbypost.com](http://www.bullionbypost.com)

For most commodities, supply and demand fundamentals dominate price behaviour, however this does not always apply to silver and gold because of their monetary qualities and reactions to macroeconomic factors. Although the price of silver can be strongly linked to gold, silver differs from gold in the fact that it is also considered to be an industrial metal and can also be linked to the performance of base metals production and industrial demand. That said a gold: silver divergence can emerge when the macroeconomic environment deteriorates, however because of its lower liquidity, silver can outperform gold in the event of a financial crisis. The gold to silver ratio as of the date of this MD&A is approximately 1:59 ounces, and ended the 2025 year at approximately 1:60 (2024: 1:90), with the 12-month rolling high of 1:100 on May 23, 2025 and a low of 1:44 ounces hit on January 26, 2026.

**Chart: One-year rolling Gold to Silver Ratio**



Source: [www.bullionbypost.com](http://www.bullionbypost.com)

## **SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

None.

## **PORTFOLIO OF EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS**

The Company has advanced its Columba, Promontorio, La Negra, and La Cigarra projects, which form part of its established resource portfolio. Since late 2018, its efforts have been focused on exploration in the Columba Project. In parallel, the Company continues to seek joint venture partners to option its generative exploration projects. These agreements would involve third parties conducting exploration activities and making option payments in exchange for the right to earn an interest in the Company's early-stage assets.

### **THE COLUMBA PROJECT**

On November 12, 2018, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Columba silver project, which hosts a past-producing high-grade silver mine, originally operated around 1910. Mining reportedly ceased during the Mexican Revolution, with a second period of activity occurring in the late 1950s to early 1960s. Columba covers approximately 1,000 hectares and hosts a high-grade epithermal silver system comprising numerous veins mapped over strike lengths ranging from 200 meters to 2 kilometers.

Under the terms of the agreement, the Company acquired full ownership of the concessions through staged payments totaling US\$3,290,000 over four years (completed). Of this, US\$1,155,000 was paid in 2023, including a final payment on May 18, 2023, of which US\$215,000 was settled in common shares of the Company. Work commitments of US\$250,000 and US\$750,000 due on the first and second anniversaries of the agreement, respectively, have been fulfilled. The vendors retain a 2% net smelter return (NSR) royalty, of which 1% may be repurchased by the Company for US\$750,000 (see November 5, 2018 news release for details).

A 24-year surface access agreement, effective until December 31, 2047, and covering all mineralized areas drilled to date, has been registered with the Mexican authorities. The agreement includes annual payments, performance bonuses, and a 2% NSR royalty, of which 1% may be bought back by the Company for US\$4.5 million. It permits both exploration and exploitation.

Results to date align with historical data, reinforcing confidence in the property's potential to host high-grade silver deposits. The Company has completed approximately 53,000 meters of drilling at Columba, including about 19,000 meters in 2024 and 4,000 meters during the six months ended June 30, 2025. Highlights of the Company's drill programs can be found here: [Project Highlights Columba](#). A complete table of drill results can be found here: [Columba Drilling](#).

## THE COLUMBA PROJECT – RESOURCE ESTIMATE

On June 17, 2025, the Company announced results of a mineral resource estimate on its Columba Project. The mineral resource estimate was estimated by Ben Eggers, MAIG, P.Ge. of SGS Geological Services, an independent Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101. Eggers conducted a site visit to the Columba Property on May 28, 2025. The mineral resource was peer reviewed by Allan Armitage, Ph.D., P.Ge. of SGS Geological Services, an independent Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101. Armitage conducted a site visit to the Columba Property on May 24-25, 2024.

The resource estimate is based on a validated drillhole database which includes data from 217 surface diamond drill holes completed between 2019 and March 2025. The drilling totals 53,476 m. The resource database totals 28,448 assay intervals representing 45,805 m of data.

Cut-off Grade	Mass	Average Value			Material Content		
		Ag	Pb	Zn	Ag	Pb	Zn
		Mt	gpt	%	%	koz	Mlb
<b>INFERRED</b>							
<b>150 gpt Ag</b>	<b>5.92</b>	<b>284</b>	<b>0.19</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>54,072</b>	<b>25.2</b>	<b>65.6</b>

*The underground base case cut-off grade of 150 gpt Ag considers metal price of US\$26.00/oz Ag, metal recovery of 90% for Ag, a mining cost of US\$60.00/t rock and a processing, treatment and refining, transportation and G&A cost of US\$45.00/t mineralized material.*

### **Columba Property Mineral Resource Estimate Notes:**

- The classification of the Mineral Resource Estimate into Inferred mineral resources is consistent with current 2014 CIM Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves. The effective date of the Columba Property Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) is May 29, 2025. This is the close out date for the final mineral resource drilling database.*
- All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimate and numbers may not add due to rounding.*
- All mineral resources are presented undiluted and in situ, constrained by continuous 3D wireframe models (considered mineable shapes), and are considered to have reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction. The mineral resource is exclusive of mined out material.*
- Mineral resources are not mineral reserves. Mineral resources which are not mineral reserves, do not have demonstrated economic viability. An Inferred Mineral Resource has a lower level of confidence than that applying to an Indicated or Measured Mineral Resource and must not be converted to a Mineral Reserve. It is reasonably expected that the majority of Inferred Mineral Resources could be upgraded to Indicated or Measured Mineral Resources with continued exploration.*
- The mineral resource estimate is based on 17 three-dimensional (“3D”) resource models representing epithermal veins which comprise the Columba vein system. 3D models of mined out areas were used to exclude mined out material from the current MRE.*
- Grades for Ag, Pb, and Zn are estimated for each mineralization domain using 1.5 m capped composites assigned to that domain. To generate grade within the blocks, the inverse distance squared (ID2) interpolation method was used for all domains.*
- Average density values were assigned to each domain based on a database of 4,049 samples.*
- It is envisioned that the Columba Project deposits may be mined using underground mining methods. Mineral resources are reported at a base case cut-off grade of 150 gpt AgEq. The mineral resource grade blocks were quantified above the base case cut-off grade, below surface and within the constraining mineralized wireframes.*
- The underground base case cut-off grade of 150 gpt Ag considers a metal price of US\$26.00/oz Ag and metal recovery of 90% for Ag.*
- The underground base case cut-off grade of 150 gpt Ag considers a mining cost of US\$60.00/t rock and a processing, treatment and refining, transportation and G&A cost of US\$45.00/t mineralized material.*

11. *The estimate of Mineral Resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues.*

An updated technical report on the Columba Project was filed on SEDAR+ on August 1, 2025.

See Overview of Performance – 2025, and Outlook section of this MD&A.

## LA CIGARRA PROJECT - EXPLORATION

Since acquiring the La Cigarra silver project in April 2016 from Northair Silver Corp, the Company completed several exploration programs including drilling, relogging of core and mapping of large areas of the project.

Further exploration work on the La Cigarra Project was curtailed due to capital market conditions and in order for the Company to continue to advance its exploration efforts on the Columba project. A new internal geological model was completed and a new resource estimate has been prepared and filed on March 7, 2024. The new geological model positions the Company to conduct additional exploration work in the future with a 10,000 meter program now contemplated subject to the completion of a PEA which is expected to be reported in Q2, 2026.

## LA CIGARRA PROJECT – RESOURCE ESTIMATE

On January 25, 2024, the Company announced an updated mineral resource estimate on its La Cigarra Project located in the Parral Silver District of Chihuahua State, Mexico. The updated resource estimate, calculated by Allan Armitage, Ph.D., P.Geo., of SGS Geological Services in the La Cigarra Report prepared in accordance with NI 43-101 standards (May 9, 2016), CIM Definition Standards (May 19, 2014) with guidance from CIM Best Practice Guidelines (November 29, 2019), supersedes a 2015 mineral resource estimate, also prepared by Dr. Armitage for NorthAir which was acquired by the Company in 2016. The La Cigarra Project is situated within a well established Mexican mineral district.

The 2024 mineral resource estimate incorporates a significantly revised geological model compared to the previous resource and features a database of 201 surface diamond and RC drillholes totaling 36,988 meters and 26,419 assay intervals.

Resource Class	Tonnes (MT)	Grade					Total Metal				
		Ag g/t	Au g/t	Pb %	Zn %	AgEq (g/t)	Ag (Moz)	Au (koz)	Pb (Mlbs)	Zn (Mlbs)	<sup>1</sup> AgEq (Moz)
Measured	2.08	103	0.06	0.16	0.22	121	6.90	4.30	7.6	9.9	8.10
Indicated	13.65	102	0.07	0.16	0.21	120	44.66	29.60	47.3	63.6	52.46
<b>Mea. + Ind.</b>	<b>15.73</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>0.07</b>	<b>0.16</b>	<b>0.21</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>51.57</b>	<b>33.90</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>73.5</b>	<b>60.56</b>
Inferred	3.37	102	0.06	0.20	0.19	119	11.00	6.00	14.8	13.8	12.85

*The base-case AgEq Cut-off grade of 50 g/t AgEq considers metal prices of \$23.50/oz Ag, \$1,800/oz Au, \$1.00/lb Pb and \$1.30/lb Zn, and considers variable metal recoveries for Ag, Au, Pb and Zn: for oxide mineralization - 85% for Ag, 40% for Au, 75% for Pb and 65% for Zn; for sulphide mineralization - 92% for Ag, 40% for Au, 91% for Pb and 85% for Zn.*

*<sup>1</sup>AgEq = Ag ppm + ((Au ppm x Au price/gram) + (Pb% x Pb price/t) + (Zn% x Zn price/t))/Ag price/gram). Metal price assumptions are \$23.50/oz silver, \$1,800/oz gold, \$1.00/lb lead and \$1.30/lb zinc.*

*La Cigarra Mineral Resource Estimate Notes:*

- (1) The Mineral Resource Estimate was estimated by Allan Armitage, Ph.D., P. Geo. of SGS Geological Services and is an independent Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101. Dr Armitage conducted a recent site visit to the La Cigarra Project on November 28 and 29, 2023.*
- (2) The classification of the current Mineral Resource Estimate into Measured, Indicated and Inferred mineral resources is consistent with current 2014 CIM Definition Standards - For Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves. The effective date for the Updated Mineral Resource Estimate is November 29, 2023.*
- (3) All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimate and numbers may not add due to rounding.*

- (4) *The mineral resource is presented undiluted and in situ, constrained by continuous 3D wireframe models, and are considered to have reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction.*
- (5) *Mineral resources which are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. An Inferred Mineral Resource has a lower level of confidence than that applying to an Indicated Mineral Resource and must not be converted to a Mineral Reserve. It is reasonably expected that most Inferred Mineral Resources could be upgraded to Indicated Mineral Resources with continued exploration.*
- (6) *The La Cigarra Project mineral resource estimate is based on a validated database which includes data 201 surface diamond and RC drill holes totalling 36,988 m. The resource database totals 26,419 assay intervals representing 34,447 m of drilling. The average assay sample length is 1.30 m.*
- (7) *The mineral resource estimate is based on 9 three-dimensional (“3D”) resource models, constructed in Leapfrog. Grades for Ag, Au, Pb and Zn were estimated for each mineralization domain using 1.5 meter capped composites assigned to that domain. To generate grade within the blocks, the inverse distance squared (ID2) interpolation method was used for all domains. Each domain was then subdivided into oxide and sulphide domains.*
- (8) *Average density values were assigned to oxide and sulphide domains and a waste domain based on based on a database of 1,412 samples.*
- (9) *It is envisioned that the La Cigarra Project deposit may be mined using open-pit mining methods. Mineral resources are reported at a base case cut-off grade of 50 g/t AgEq. The in-pit Mineral Resource grade blocks are quantified above the base case cut-off grade, above the constraining pit shell, below topography and within the constraining mineralized domains (the constraining volumes).*
- (10) *The results from the pit optimization are used solely for the purpose of testing the “reasonable prospects for economic extraction” by an open pit and do not represent an attempt to estimate mineral reserves. There are no mineral reserves on the Property. The results are used as a guide to assist in the preparation of a Mineral Resource statement and to select an appropriate resource reporting cut-off grade.*
- (11) *The base-case AgEq Cut-off grade considers metal prices of \$23.50/oz Ag, \$1,800/oz Au, \$1.00/lb Pb and \$1.30/lb Zn, and considers variable metal recoveries for Ag, Au, Pb and Zn: for oxide mineralization - 85% for Ag, 40% for Au, 75% for Pb and 65% for Zn; for sulphide mineralization - 92% for Ag, 40% for Au, 91% for Pb and 85% for Zn.*
- (12) *The pit optimization and base case cut-off grade of 50 g/t AgEq considers a mining cost of US\$2.50/t mined, and processing, treatment, refining, G&A and transportation cost of USD\$22.40/t of mineralized material.*
- (13) *The estimate of Mineral Resources may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant issues.*

## **PROMONTORIO SILVER PROJECT**

### **The Promontorio Discovery**

On October 20, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement with Siete Campanas de Plata, S.A de C.V. (“Siete”), Exploration Canada De Oro, S.A. de C.V. (“ECO”) and the Mexican Government Agency (“FIFOMI”) to acquire an unencumbered 100% registered and beneficial interest in the Promontorio Concession, which includes the former producing Promontorio Mine site. Upon completion of a bankable feasibility study or the commencement of production, the Company is required to pay a remaining balance of US\$210,000 to ECO.

A 1% net smelter royalty is payable to Siete on the core claims of Promontorio of which the Company may purchase 50% at any time for US\$500,000. The Company also holds a right of first refusal to acquire the remaining 50%. In addition, a 2% net smelter royalty is payable to ECO on both the core and surrounding claims. . The Company may upon commencement of commercial production or sooner purchase 50% of this net smelter return for US\$1,000,000. The Company also has a right of first refusal on the remaining 50% of this royalty.

An updated resource estimate for Promontorio was released on October 12, 2023. The Measured and Indicated Resource is estimated at 42,115,000 tonnes containing 140,790,000 ounces of silver equivalent (“AgEq”) grading 104 gpt AgEq and 14,475,000 ounces AgEq grading 84.90 gpt AgEq categorized as Inferred.

### **The La Negra Discovery**

The La Negra discovery is a hydrothermal-diatreme breccia exposed over a 100 to 150 x 500-meter area and is contained within the Promontorio claim block, approximately 7.0 km north of the Promontorio resource. The Company drilled a total of 6,213 meters over 41 core drill holes and Pan American drilled 56 holes totaling about 11,000 meters into the La

Negra Breccia. The Company completed an initial resource estimate but additional exploration work has been curtailed at this time in order for the Company to continue to advance its exploration efforts on its Columba project.

A complete table of drill results can be found here: [La Negra Drilling](#).

### PROMONTORIO & LA NEGRA SILVER PROJECTS – RESOURCE ESTIMATE

The Promontorio-La Negra Project (“Promontorio-La Negra”, “the Project” or “the Property”) includes the La Negra and Promontorio resource areas. High-grade silver and gold with associated lead and zinc mineralization is hosted in hydrothermal diatreme breccias. The Resource Estimate for the Promontorio-La Negra deposit is summarized in the following tables.

**Table-1** summarizes the Total Project resource estimate at a Silver Equivalent (AgEq) cutoff of 25g/t for Promontorio and at a AgEq cutoff of 40g/t for the La Negra deposit. The effective date of the Promontorio-La Negra resource estimates is August 27, 2023.

**Table-1: 2023 Total Promontorio-La Negra Project Mineral Resource Estimate**

		In Situ Tonnage, Grades and Metal Content										
Pit	Class	Tonnage (kt)	AgEq (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	AgEq Metal (kOz)	AG Metal (kOz)	Au Metal (kOz)	Pb (klb)	Zn (klb)
Promontorio	Measured	12,451	111.7	37.0	0.456	0.53	0.61	44,718	14,823	183	146,033	166,620
	Indicated	29,664	100.7	33.5	0.412	0.47	0.55	96,072	31,950	393	306,716	360,996
	Meas+Ind	42,115	104.0	34.5	0.425	0.49	0.57	140,790	46,773	575	452,748	527,616
	Inferred	14,575	84.9	27.9	0.348	0.42	0.45	39,782	13,069	163	136,241	143,632
La Negra	Indicated	5,285	129.3	126.3	0.067			21,966	21,454	11	0	0
	Inferred	1,257	114.8	112.2	0.060			4,639	4,536	2	0	0
Total	Measured	12,451	111.7	37.0	0.456	0.53	0.61	44,718	14,823	183	146,033	166,620
	Indicated	34,949	105.0	47.5	0.360	0.40	0.47	118,038	53,404	404	306,716	360,996
	Meas+Ind	47,400	106.8	44.8	0.385	0.43	0.50	162,755	68,227	587	452,748	527,616
	Inferred	15,832	87.3	34.6	0.325	0.81	0.89	44,421	17,606	165	282,274	310,251

**Table-2: 2023 Mineral Resource Estimate for the Promontorio Deposit**

Class	Cutoff	In situ Tonnage, Grade and Metal Content										
	AgEq (g/t)	Tonnage (kt)	AgEq (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	AgEq Metal (kOz)	AG Metal (kOz)	Au Metal (kOz)	Pb (klb)	Zn (klb)
Measured	25	12,451	111.7	37	0.456	0.53	0.61	44,718	14,823	183	146,033	166,620
Indicated	25	29,664	100.7	33.5	0.412	0.47	0.55	96,072	31,950	393	306,716	360,996
Measured + Indicated	25	42,115	104	34.5	0.425	0.49	0.57	140,790	46,773	575	452,748	527,616
Inferred	25	14,575	84.9	27.9	0.348	0.42	0.45	39,782	13,069	163	136,241	143,632

#### Notes to the 2023 Promontorio Resource Table:

- Resources are reported using the 2014 CIM Definition Standards and were estimated using the 2019 CIM Best Practices Guidelines, as required by NI43-101
- The base case Mineral Resource has been confined by “reasonable prospects of eventual economic extraction” shape using the following assumptions:
  - Metal prices of US\$22/oz Silver, US\$1800/oz Gold, US\$0.95/lb Lead and US\$1.25/lb Zinc.
  - At Promontorio: Metallurgical recovery of 74% Silver, 70% Gold, 81% Lead and 88% Zinc.
  - Payable metal of 95% Silver, 99% Gold in dore 95% Au in Pb concentrate, 95% Lead and 85% Zinc. Lead payable assumes a concentrate grade of 65% Pb and a 3% unit deduction. Zinc payable assumes a concentrate grade of 52% Pb and an 8% unit deduction. Offsite costs (transport, smelter treatment and refining) of US\$1.5/oz Silver and gold in the Pb concentrate, US\$10 oz Gold, US\$ 0.15/lb Lead and

- US\$0.31/ lb Zinc. Lead offsite costs assume 100 \$US/dmt transport, 100 \$US/ dmt treatment. Zinc offsite costs assume 100 \$US/dmt transport, 200 \$US/ dmt treatment.
- Processing, General, and Administrative (“G&A”) costs of US\$ 12/ tonne milled. Mining cost of US\$2.00 / tonne
  - 50 degree pit slopes with the 150% price case pit shell is used for the confining shape
3. The resulting NSR =  $Ag * US\$0.63/g * 74\% + Au * US\$56.71/g * 70\% + 22.0462 * (Pb * US\$0.77/lb * 81\% + Zn * US\$0.80/lb * 88\%)$
  4. The specific gravity of the resource averages 2.79 and is calculated from the Lead and Zinc content. Non-mineralized material is assigned an SG of 2.73.
  5. Numbers may not add due to rounding.

Table-3 summarizes the La Negra total Mineral Resource estimate.

**Table-3: 2023 Resource Statement for the La Negra Deposit**

ZONE	CLASS	Cutoff	In Situ Tonnage, Grades and Metal Content						
		AgEq (g/t)	Tonnage (kt)	AgEq (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Au (g/t)	AgEq Metal (kOz)	Ag Metal (kOz)	Au Metal (kOz)
Total	Indicated	40	5,285	129.3	126.3	0.067	21,970	21,450	11.4
	Inferred	40	1,257	114.8	112.2	0.06	4,640	4,540	2.4

**Notes to the 2023 La Negra Resource Tables:**

1. Resources are reported using the 2014 CIM Definition Standards and were estimated using the 2019 CIM Best Practices Guidelines, as required by NI43-101
2. The base case Mineral Resource has been confined by “reasonable prospects of eventual economic extraction” shape using the following assumptions:
  - Metal prices of US\$22/oz Silver, US\$1800/oz Gold
  - Recovery is assumed to be as for dore. Metallurgical recovery of 82% Silver and 77% Gold in the Oxide zone, 85% Silver and 73% Gold in the Mixed zone, and 90% Silver and 31% Gold in the Sulfide zone.
  - Payable metal of 99% for Silver and Gold. Offsite costs (transport, smelter treatment and refining) of US\$0.25/oz Silver and US\$10/oz gold.
  - Processing, General, and Administrative (G&A) costs of US\$ 12/ tonne milled. Mining cost of US\$2.00/tonne
  - 50 degree pit slopes with the 150% price case pit shell is used for the confining shape
3. The resulting NSR =  $Ag * US\$0.69/g * Zone Ag Recovery\% + Au * US\$56.97/g * Zone Au Recovery\%$
4. Silver Equivalent (AgEq) =  $NSR / (US\$0.69/g * Ag Recovery\%)$
5. The specific gravity is assigned by rock type as 2.52 in Oxides, 2.59 in Mixes and 2.61 in Sulfides
6. Numbers may not add due to rounding.

The mineral resource estimates were prepared by Sue Bird, M.Sc., P.Eng., Geological and Mining Engineer of by Moose Mountain Technical Services (“MMTS”) in accordance with NI 43-101 standards (May 9, 2016), CIM Definition Standards (May 19, 2014) with guidance from CIM Best Practice Guidelines (November 29, 2019). The NI 43-101 compliant Technical Report will be available for review on SEDAR+ ([www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca)) by late November 2023.

**GENERATIVE EXPLORATION PROJECTS**

The Company continues to seek partners to option La Cigarra and Promotorio which are generative exploration projects under its generative model. This approach minimizes financial and exploration risk to the Company by seeking to advance these properties by granting external exploration companies an option to earn an interest in properties, subject to meeting certain yearly exploration expenditure requirements and making cash and share payments to the Company. The Company continues to market generative properties including properties that have been returned after termination of option agreements.

**FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

On February 10, 2026, the Company closed a "bought deal" private placement (the "Offering") for gross proceeds of \$18,000,002 which includes the exercise in full of the over-allotment option. Pursuant to Offering, the Company sold

8,000,001 common shares of the Company (the "Offered Shares") at a price of \$2.25 per Offered Share (the "Offering Price"). The underwriters of the Offering received aggregate cash fees of C\$1,080,000.14 and 480,000 non-transferable common share purchase warrants (the "Broker Warrants"). Each Broker Warrant is exercisable to acquire one common share of the Company at the Offering Price at any time on or before February 10, 2028.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, under the terms "at-the-market" equity distribution program (the "ATM Program") as announced on July 10, 2024, the Company issued 500,000 shares under the ATM program for gross proceeds of \$708,172 and incurred cash shares issuance costs of \$17,704 for net proceeds of \$690,468.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, 448,205 common shares were issued upon exercise of share options for gross proceeds of \$471,275 and 6,111,942 common shares were issued upon exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of \$8,055,929.

On July 21, 2025, the Company announced stock options have been granted to officers, directors, employees, and consultants to purchase up to an aggregate of 2,500,000 shares and issued restricted share and deferred units totalling 1,500,000 common shares. The stock options have been granted at a price of \$1.10 per common share for a period of five years. On August 22, 2025, the Company announced 250,000 stock options have been granted to a consultant to the Company at a price of \$1.19 per common share for a period of two years.

On June 27, 2025, the Company closed a public offering (the "Shelf Offering") for gross proceeds of up to \$20,010,690, which consisted of a sale of up to 19,057,800 units of the Company (each, a "Shelf Unit") at a price of \$1.05 per Unit (the "Shelf Offering Price"). Each Shelf Unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one-half Common Share purchase warrant (each whole warrant, a "Shelf Warrant"). Each whole Shelf Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one Common Share of the Company at a price of \$1.58 at any time before June 27, 2028. The net proceeds raised under the Offering will be used for the advancement of the Company's Columba Silver Project in Mexico as well as for general working capital and corporate purposes.

The Offering was led by Research Capital Corporation as the lead underwriter and sole bookrunner, on behalf of a syndicate of underwriters, including Red Cloud Securities Inc. (collectively, the "Underwriters"). In connection with the Offering, the Company paid the Underwriters a cash commission of \$1,108,271 and issued to the Underwriters 1,055,497 broker warrants (the "Broker Warrants"). In addition, the Agents received an advisory fee of \$62,000 plus tax and 59,400 advisory broker warrants on the same terms as the Broker Warrants. Each Broker Warrant entitles the holder thereof to acquire one Common Share at a price of \$1.05 at any time on or before June 27, 2028. The Company also paid aggregate cash finder's fees of \$30,000 to certain arm's length finders in connection with Units purchased by certain president's list purchasers.

The Company has completed the financings set out below from January 1, 2025 to the date of this MD&A, with no variance expected between projected use of proceeds and actual use of proceeds.

<b>Date</b>	<b>Financing</b>	<b>Funding (Gross)</b>	<b>Funding (net)</b>	<b>Use of Proceeds</b>	<b>Variance</b>
June 27, 2025	Private placement Units at \$1.05	\$20,010,690	\$18,531,530	Exploration activities, working capital requirements and other general corporate purposes.	In process
February 10, 2026	LIFE Private placement Share at \$2.25	\$18,000,002	\$16,920,000	Exploration activities, working capital requirements and other general corporate purposes.	In process

<sup>(1)</sup> There was no variance between projected and disclosed use of proceeds and actual use of proceeds.

## **INVESTING ACTIVITIES**

As at March 31, 2026, capitalized exploration and evaluation assets expenditure totaled \$39,909,789 (December 31, 2025 - \$35,955,394). During the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company incurred \$3,392,325 (December 31, 2025 - \$8,809,737), which includes acquisition and exploration costs, as disclosed in the table below.

	MEXICO				2026 Total \$	2025 Total \$
	Promontorio	La Cigarra	Columba	Generative Anomalies		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
<b>Acquisition Costs</b>						
Balance, beginning	3,658,642	30,548,524	4,929,645	996,787	<b>40,133,598</b>	39,975,675
Incurred	-	-	56,578	41,560	<b>98,138</b>	157,923
Balance, ending	<b>3,658,642</b>	<b>30,548,524</b>	<b>4,986,223</b>	<b>1,038,347</b>	<b>40,231,736</b>	40,133,598
<b>Exploration Expenditures</b>						
Balance, beginning	32,687,917	6,480,154	29,152,400	7,886,879	<b>76,207,350</b>	67,555,536
Assaying and Lab	-	-	170,425	-	<b>170,425</b>	471,360
Camp Costs	-	-	536,359	-	<b>536,359</b>	1,041,635
Drafting	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drilling	-	-	1,447,777	-	<b>1,447,777</b>	4,197,274
Geological mapping	-	-	-	-	-	1,189
Geophysics	-	-	486,970	-	<b>486,970</b>	-
Maintenance	-	-	-	17,374	<b>17,374</b>	30,126
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	6,962	<b>6,962</b>	15,985
Geological Consulting and Prospecting	-	-	628,069	251	<b>628,320</b>	2,894,245
Incurred	-	-	<b>3,269,600</b>	<b>24,587</b>	<b>3,294,187</b>	8,651,814
Balance, ending	32,687,917	6,480,154	32,422,000	7,911,466	<b>79,501,537</b>	76,207,350
Total properties balance	<b>36,346,559</b>	<b>37,028,678</b>	<b>37,408,223</b>	<b>8,949,813</b>	<b>119,733,273</b>	116,340,948
Balance, beginning	(36,346,559) *	(37,028,678) *	8,581	(7,018,898)	<b>(80,385,554)</b>	(79,057,385)
Impaired or disposed	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mineral exploration refund	-	-	-	-	-	-
Change in foreign currency translation	-	-	529,521	32,549	<b>562,070</b>	(1,328,169)
Carrying value exploration and evaluation assets	-	-	<b>37,946,325</b>	<b>1,963,464</b>	<b>39,909,789</b>	35,955,394

\* Impaired beginning

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Three-month period ended March 31, 2026

The Company recorded a net loss of \$2,113,805 or \$0.02 per share (2025 – \$1,086,938 or \$0.02 per share) for the three-month period ended March 31, 2026, based on a greater weighted average number of shares outstanding.

Corporate general and administrative expenditure for the three-month period ended March 31, 2026 totaled \$2,134,827 (2025 – \$909,415), which included non-cash option-based payment expense of \$361,425 (2025 – \$93,209). Office and general costs increased to \$1,436,167 (2025 – \$496,065) which includes the Company's offices and staff in Vancouver and exploration offices in Hermosillo. Also included in office and general is the Company's promotional, travel and investor relations expenses, which increased due to a larger marketing program to aid in financing and marketing and investor relations activities versus the prior comparable period and totaled \$1,200,917 (2025 – \$291,245) due to new market awareness initiatives and promotion conducted during the period. Professional fees increased versus the prior comparable period totaling \$200,829 (2025 – \$187,300) which includes an increase in consulting and legal work and includes an accrual for director's fees of \$27,000 (2025 – \$20,000). Regulatory and filing fees decreased to \$40,985 (2025 – \$48,930).

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2026, the Company recorded a foreign exchange gain of \$14,875 (2025 – loss of \$6,767). The Company maintains foreign currency in both Mexican peso and US dollar accounts and incurs certain operating expenditures in each of those currencies, which coupled with consolidating its Mexican subsidiary gives rise to exchange risk. The Company recorded the receipt of IVA recovered of \$31,118 (2025 – \$19,821). Exploration expenditures relate to holding and concession taxes related to Promontorio, La Negra and La Cigarra totaled \$314,917 (2025 – \$230,468). Finance income increased versus the prior comparable period due to higher cash on hand during the period and totaled \$319,696 (2025– \$39,891).

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of March 31, 2026, the Company had working capital of \$37,999,833 (2025 - \$22,293,128), with cash and cash equivalents totaling \$36,411,911 (2025 - \$21,418,827). The Company has seen a slowdown in the refunding of IVA tax, which the Company is owed by the Mexican tax authority. The Company continues to maintain filing for such refunds including the use of third-party consultants to assist in obtaining these refunds and expects that such refunds will be ultimately collected.

The Company plans, subject to financing to continue its exploration efforts in 2025 in Mexico with the focus remaining

on the Columba project, see Outlook section of the MD&A. It also plans to generate opportunities to acquire new properties and to enter into options or joint ventures with third parties to manage risk. The Company also plans to finance its future activities primarily through raising capital from private placements of equity capital in the Company and through payments it receives from option and joint ventures of the Company's properties to qualified mineral exploration companies. There can be no assurance that the Company will succeed in obtaining financing, now or in the future or that it will be successful in obtaining payments through optioning and joint venturing some or all its properties. Failure to raise sufficient funding for its operations and ongoing business activities on a timely basis could cause the Company to suspend its operation and eventually to forfeit or sell its interest in its mineral properties.

The Company's ability to raise additional capital or to receive option payments from third parties is subject to a number of factors, uncertainties and risks including market conditions that could make it difficult or impossible for the Company to raise necessary funds to meet our capital and operating requirements. If we are unable to obtain financing through equity investments, we plan to consider other financing solutions including, but not limited to, joint ventures, credit facilities or debenture issuances. We are also attuned to the effect of capital markets on many of our joint venture partners who may not be able to meet their obligations under their option or joint venture agreements.

All cash is held with Schedule A banks either in deposit accounts or guaranteed investment certificates, and the Company has no joint ventures with any parties that potentially create derivative or hedge risk.

## **OUTLOOK**

The Columba drill program which commenced in late July 2025 is a staged program totaling of up to 60,000 meters, with a drill budget of \$18 million. The drilling program will continue step out drilling to expand on the wide high grade intercepts on the D Vein with targets on other veins such as the B, J and other Veins planned. The Company have also commenced a 3D-IP and AMT Geophysical Survey on Columba, with a budget of \$1 million and should be completed in Q2, 2026.

The Company in early 2026, commenced the preparation of a PEA on the La Cigarra project which will be completed in Q2, 2026 with a budget of \$750,000. Based on results of the PEA, the Company may capitalise future capital cost related to the La Cigarra project, which includes plans to initiate a 10,000 meter drill program at La Cigarra with a budget of \$3 million.

The Company also commenced a three month marketing services campaign in late February 2026 with Gold Standard Media, LLC ("Gold Standard"), an internet marketing and advertising company. Gold Standard, together with certain Affiliates (as such term is defined in the policies of the Exchange), will provide to the Company certain financial publishing and digital marketing services focused on introducing the Company to a broader audience. In exchange for providing these services, Gold Standard its Affiliates will receive an aggregate upfront payment of USD\$1 million.

## **Generative Projects**

The Company hopes to continue to fund modest grass roots exploration that generates new mineral discoveries with the objective of seeking partners to finance the advancement of these projects.

The Company continues to review and investigate the progression of its generative portfolio of properties including projects that have been returned from third parties.

## SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following table sets forth selected quarterly financial information prepared in accordance with IFRS® for each of the Company's last eight quarters:

	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024	Q2 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Finance Income <sup>(1)</sup>	319,696	292,230	150,253	16,366	39,891	56,068	135,143	120,202
Net Loss	(2,113,805)	(2,169,709)	(2,280,725)	(827,973)	(1,086,938)	(1,173,551)	(998,147)	(1,009,329)
Loss Per Share	(0.02)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.02)

<sup>(1)</sup> Finance Income is derived from administration fees and interest income.

## SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS® for fiscal years 2025, 2024, and 2023, and are expressed in Canadian dollars.

As at December 31:	2025	2024	2023
Total Assets	\$ 61,328,649	\$ 37,262,824	\$ 23,538,330
Total Liabilities	520,502	409,600	438,566
Shareholders' Equity	60,808,147	36,853,224	23,099,764
Total Shareholders' Equity & Liabilities	\$ 61,328,649	\$ 37,262,824	\$ 23,538,330
For the year ended December 31:	2025	2024	2023
Finance Income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 498,740	\$ 336,531	\$ 78,042
Net Loss <sup>(2)</sup>	(6,365,345)	(4,442,945)	(4,435,436)
Basic and diluted loss per share <sup>(3)</sup>	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.10)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding <sup>(3)</sup>	73,367,051	56,760,083	44,116,653

<sup>(1)</sup> Finance Income is derived from administration fees and interest income

<sup>(2)</sup> Net Loss for 2022 includes impairment expense related to the carrying value of its Promontorio, La Negra and La Cigarra projects totalling \$70,576,209; impairment expense of \$3,980,948 related to the carrying value of the Copalito project; and \$2,141,337 provision for uncollectible Mexican IVA

<sup>(3)</sup> Basic and diluted loss per share and weighted average number of common shares outstanding reflects the effect of the share consolidation effective November 14, 2023 being a 10:1 rollback.

## RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is in the business of acquiring, exploring mineral properties. It is exposed to several risks and uncertainties that are common to other mineral exploration companies in the same business. The industry is capital intensive at all stages and is subject to variations in commodity prices, market sentiment, exchange rates for currency, inflation and other risks. The Company currently has no source of revenue other than project management fees, and interest on cash balances. The Company will rely mainly on equity financing to fund exploration activities on its mineral properties.

The risks and uncertainties described in this section are not inclusive of all the risks and uncertainties to which the Company may be subject.

### Mining Law Reforms

On June 7, 2023, minority members of the Chamber of Deputies (one of the two Chambers of the Mexican Congress) filed an unconstitutionality action against the Mining Law Reforms in Mexico which became effective May 9, 2023; however, it is uncertain when the outcome of such action will be known or if it will be successful. While it is expected

that the Company's existing projects and permits will not be materially impacted by the Mining Law Reforms based on an initial analysis, the process to the enactment of the legislation came very quickly. Given that the legislation contains substantial reforms, and associated regulations have not yet been written/enacted to give effect to the more general provisions of the legislation for the purpose of interpretation and clarification on operating parameters, it is too early to know how the Mining Law Reforms will be interpreted and applied. As such, the legislation and its implementation has not yet been advanced to the level of clarity required for the Company to analyze all potential business impacts. Until such time as a full analysis of the legislation and the pending regulation is complete or the outcome of the unconstitutionality action is known, there can be no assurance that the Mining Law Reforms will not have a material impact on the Company's operations or plans.

#### **Early Stage – Need for Additional Funds**

The Company has no history of profitable operations and its present business is at an early stage. As such, the Company is subject to many risks common to other companies in the same business, including under-capitalization, cash shortages, and limitations with respect to personnel, financial and other resources and the lack of revenues. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in achieving a return on shareholders' investment and the likelihood of success must be considered considering its early stage of operations.

The Company anticipates future expenditures will require additional infusions of capital; there can be no assurance that such financing will be available or, if available, will be on reasonable terms. If financing is obtained by issuing common shares from treasury, control of the Resulting Issuer may change, and investors may suffer additional dilution. Furthermore, if financing is not available, lease expiry dates, work commitments, rental payments and option payments, if any may not be satisfied and could result in a loss of the shareholders' entire investment.

#### **Exploration and Development**

Mineral exploration and development is a speculative business, characterized by several significant risks including, among other things, unprofitable efforts resulting not only from the failure to discover mineral deposits, but also from finding mineral deposits that, though present, are of insufficient size and/or grade to return a profit from production.

All the mineral claims to which the Company has a right to acquire an interest or owns are in the exploration stages and are without a known body of commercial ore. Upon discovery of a mineralized occurrence, several stages of exploration and assessment are required before its economic viability can be determined. Development of the subject mineral properties would follow only if favorable results are determined at each stage of assessment. Few precious and base metal deposits are ultimately developed into producing mines.

#### **Estimates of mineral resources may not be realized**

The mineral resource estimates contained in the Company's Technical Reports are only estimates and no assurance can be given that an identified resource will ever qualify as a commercially mineable (or viable) deposit, which can be legally and economically exploited. In addition, the grade of mineralization ultimately mined may differ from the one indicated by the drilling results and the difference may be material. Material changes in resources, grades and other factors, may affect the economic viability of projects.

#### **Earn-In agreements**

The Company continues to enter or seek to enter into separate option agreements with publicly listed companies on its various mineral properties. The terms of such option agreements vary but primarily optioning companies are granted an option to earn an ownership interest in an exploration property by making cash payments and or issuing shares to the Company and incurring exploration expenditures. These are not firm payments or expenditure commitments and are subject to these companies obtaining sufficient financing to fulfill their earn-in requirements. The agreements are also subject to termination if such payment and expenditure commitments are not fulfilled. On fulfillment of these commitments, the ownership arrangement and future development of the property will be subject to a joint venture agreement whereby the Company will be required to finance its proportionate share of exploration expenditures based on the ownership ratio of each of the parties. There is no certainty that any of these companies will complete the required expenditures on the properties to earn-in on the properties or that they will be able to obtain the necessary financing to complete the expenditure requirements in which case the costs of carrying and developing the properties will be the responsibility of the Company.

#### **Operating Hazards and Risks**

Mining operations involve many risks, which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. In the course of exploration, development and production of mineral properties, certain risks, and in particular unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions, including rock bursts, cave-ins, fires, flooding

and earthquakes, may occur. Operations in which the Company has a direct or indirect interest will be subject to all the hazards and risks normally incidental to exploration, development and production of mineral deposits, any of which could result in damage to or destruction of mines and other producing facilities, damage to life and property, environmental damage and possible legal liability for any or all damage.

Although the Company maintains liability insurance in an amount that it considers adequate, the nature of these risks is such that liabilities could exceed policy limits, in which event the Company could incur significant costs that could have a materially adverse effect upon its financial conditions.

### **Political Risk**

The Company's advanced project and certain other property interests are located in Mexico and are subject to that country and jurisdiction's laws and regulations. Obtaining financing, finding or hiring qualified people or obtaining all necessary services for the Company's operations in Mexico may be difficult. The perception of Mexico may make it more difficult for the Company to attract investors or to obtain any required financing for its exploration projects. The Company believes the present attitude of the current Mexican government to foreign investment in the exploration and mining sector has become less supportive of the industry than previous governments. Investors should assess the political risks of investing in a foreign country. Variations from the current regulatory, economic, potential tariff and non-tariff trade actions and political climate present a risk of recession and may cause investors to reduce or delay investment in the Company could have an adverse effect on the affairs of the Company.

### **Supplies, Infrastructure, Weather and Inflation**

The Company's property interests are often located in remote, undeveloped areas and the availability of infrastructures such as surfaces access, skilled labour, fuel and power at an economic cost cannot be assured. These are integral requirements for exploration, production and development facilities on mineral properties. Power may need to be generated on site.

Due to the partial remoteness of its exploration projects, the Company is forced to rely on the accessibility of secondary roads resulting in potentially unavoidable delays in planned programs and/or cost overruns. The rainy season in Mexico during the months of June through September can sometimes flood the main access road causing temporary delays.

### **Metal Prices**

The mining industry, in general, is intensely competitive and there is no assurance that a profitable market will exist for the sale of metals produced even if commercial quantities of precious and/or base metals are discovered. Factors beyond the control of the Company may affect the marketability of metals discovered. Pricing is affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control, such as international economic and political trends, global or regional consumption and demand patterns, increased production and smelter availability. There is no assurance that the price of metals recovered from any mineral deposit will be such that they can be mined at a profit.

### **Title Risks**

Although the Company has exercised due diligence with respect to determining title to properties in which it has a material interest, there is no guarantee that title to such properties will not be challenged or impugned. The Company's mineral property interest may be subject to prior unregistered agreements, or transfers, or conflicting claims; or indigenous claims, and title may be affected by undetected defects.

### **Environmental Regulations, Permits and Licenses**

The Company's operations are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment, exploration, development, production, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, safety and other matters. Environmental legislation in Mexico provides restrictions and prohibition on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with certain mining industry operations, such as seepage from tailings disposal areas, which would result in environmental pollution. A breach of such legislation may result in imposition of fines, penalties and work stoppage. In addition, certain types of operations require the submission and approval of environmental impact statements. Environmental legislation is evolving in a direction of stricter standards and enforcement, and higher fines and penalties for non-compliance. Environmental assessments of proposed projects carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in governmental regulations has the potential to reduce the profitability of operations. The Company intends to fully comply with all environmental regulations.

The current operations of the Company require permits from various government authorities and such operations are governed by laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, mining, production, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational health, waste disposal, toxic substances, land use, environmental, mine safety and other matters.

The Company believes that it is in compliance with all material laws and regulations, which currently apply to its activities. There can be no assurance, however, that all permits which the Company may require for its operations and exploration activities will be obtainable on reasonable terms or on a timely basis or that such laws and regulations would not have an adverse effect on any mining project which the Company might undertake.

### **Competition and Agreements with Other Parties**

The mining industry is intensely competitive in all its phases, and the Company competes with other companies that have greater financial resources and technical capacity. Competition could adversely affect the Company's ability to acquire suitable properties or prospects in the future.

The Company may, in the future, be unable to meet its share of costs incurred under such agreements to which it is a party and it may have its interest in the properties subject to such agreements reduced as a result. Also, if other parties to such agreements do not meet their share of such costs, the Company may not be able to finance the expenditures required to complete recommended programs.

### **Economic Conditions**

Unfavorable economic conditions may negatively impact the Company's financial viability. Unfavorable economic conditions could also increase the Company's financing costs, decrease net income or increase net loss, limit access to capital markets and negatively impact any of the availability of credit facilities to the Company.

### **Dependence on Management**

The Company is very dependent upon the personal efforts and commitment of its existing management. To the extent that management's services would be unavailable for any reason, a disruption to the operations of the Company could result, and other persons would be required to manage and operate the Company.

### **Conflicts of Interest**

The Company's directors and officers may serve as directors or officers, or may be associated with, other reporting companies, or have significant shareholdings in other public companies. To the extent that such other companies may participate in business or asset acquisitions, dispositions, or ventures in which the Company may participate, the directors and officers of the Company may have a conflict of interest in negotiating and concluding terms respecting the transaction. If a conflict of interest arises, the Company will follow the provisions of the Business Corporations Act (BC) ("Corporations Act") dealing with conflict of interest. These provisions state that where a director has such a conflict, that director must, at a meeting of the Company's directors, disclose his or her interest and refrain from voting on the matter unless otherwise permitted by the Corporations Act. In accordance with the laws of the Province of British Columbia, the directors and officers of the Company are required to act honestly, in good faith, and the best interest of the Company.

### **Insurance coverage**

The mining industry is subject to significant risks that could result in damage to, or destruction of, mineral properties or producing facilities, personal injury or death, environmental damage, delays in mining, monetary losses and possible legal liability.

The Company's policies of insurance may not provide sufficient coverage for losses related to these or other risks. The Company's insurance does not cover all risks that may result in loss or damages and may not be adequate to reimburse the Company for all losses sustained. In particular, the Company does not have coverage for certain environmental losses or certain types of earthquake damage. The occurrence of losses or damage not covered by insurance could have a material and adverse effect on the Company's cash flows, results of operation and financial condition.

### **Shareholder dilution**

The Company's constituting documents permit the issuance of an unlimited number of common shares and a limited number of preferred shares issuable in series on such terms as the Directors determine without the approval of shareholders, who have no pre-emptive rights in connection with such issuances. In addition, the Company is required to issue common shares upon the conversion of its outstanding share purchase warrants and options in accordance with their terms. Accordingly, holders of common shares may suffer dilution.

### **Uninsurable risks**

In the course of exploration, development and production of mineral properties, certain risks and, in particular, unexpected or unusual geological operating conditions including cave-ins, fires, flooding and earthquakes may occur. It is not always possible to fully insure against such risks and the Company may decide not to take out insurance against such risks as a result of high premiums or other reasons. Should such liabilities arise, they could reduce or eliminate any future profitability and result in increasing costs and a decline in the value of the securities of the Company.

### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Management is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the Financial Statements and maintains appropriate information systems, procedures and controls to ensure that information used internally and disclosed externally is complete and reliable. Management is also responsible for the design of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS®.

Readers are cautioned that the Company is not required to certify the design and evaluation of its disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting and has not completed such an evaluation. The inherent limitations on the ability of the Company's certifying officers to design and implement on a cost-effective basis disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls over financial reporting for the Company may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

## **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, receivables and advances, marketable securities, advances and deposits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their fair values due to their relatively short periods to maturity and due to the insignificant carrying values of long-term financial instruments except for marketable securities, which are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income at each reporting period end.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk as a result of its use of financial instruments.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks and the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board has implemented and monitors compliance with risk management policies.

#### **(a) Credit risk:**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's accounts receivable relates to receivables from exploration partners who are earning a right to the Company's property via earn-in option agreements, Goods and Services Tax input tax credits and IVA credits (Mexican Value added Tax refunds) from the Mexican Government. Accordingly, accounts receivable in the form of tax credits from Canada and Mexico are regarded with minimal risk and receivables from exploration partners are regarded with moderate risk by the Company.

#### **(b) Liquidity risk:**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will incur difficulties meeting its financial obligations as they are due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions without incurring unacceptable losses or risking harm to the Company's reputation.

The Company prepares annual expenditure budgets, which are regularly monitored and updated as considered necessary. To facilitate its expenditure program, the Company raises funds through private equity placements. The Company anticipates it will have adequate liquidity to fund its financial liabilities through future equity contributions.

As at March 31, 2026, the Company's financial liabilities were comprised of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, which have a maturity of less than one year.

(c) Market risk:

Market risk consists of currency risk, commodity price risk and interest rate risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable limits while maximizing returns.

(i) Currency risk:

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. Although the Company is considered to be in the exploration stage and has not yet developed commercial mineral interests, the underlying market prices in Canada for minerals are impacted by changes in the exchange rate between the Canadian, the United States dollar and the Mexican Peso. The Company's transactions are denominated in Canadian dollars, United States dollars and the Mexican Peso, the Company has not entered into any arrangements to hedge currency risk but does maintain cash balances within each currency with a predominate balance held in Canadian Dollars. Canadian dollars are exchanged when needed to meet foreign denominated liabilities.

The balances denominated in foreign currency are as follows:

	<b>March 31, 2026</b>	December 31, 2025
	<b>US\$</b>	<b>US\$</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>553,220</b>	333,110
Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<b>23,271</b>	65,606
	<b>Mexican Peso</b>	<b>Mexican Peso</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>5,595,799</b>	6,417,829
Receivables and advances	<b>442,864</b>	83,898
Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<b>386,878</b>	667,909

The Company has completed a sensitivity analysis to estimate the impact of the change in the foreign exchange rates on net loss for the period. The result of the sensitivity analysis shows a change in +/- 10% in the US Dollar and Mexican Peso exchange rate could have a collective impact of approximately +/- \$117,682 on the Company's net loss. This result arises primarily because the Company has Mexican Peso denominated cash accounts, accounts receivable and short-term liabilities. The actual results of a change in foreign exchange rates would depend on the foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities at the time and could cause the impact on the Company's results to differ from above.

(ii) Commodity price risk:

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. Commodity prices for minerals are impacted by world economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand as well as the relationship between the Canadian and United States dollar, as outlined above. The Company is exposed to the price volatilities for precious and base metals that could significantly impact its future operating cash flow. As part of its routine activities, management is closely monitoring the trend of international metal prices.

(iii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The risk that the Company will realize a loss as a result of a decline in the fair value of cash and cash equivalents is limited because of their short-term investment nature. A variable rate of interest is earned on cash and cash equivalents, changes in market interest rates at the period-end would not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

## **OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

The Company had no Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements.

## TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

During the three months ended March 31, 2026, officers of the Company charged management and consulting fees totaling \$164,250 (2025 - \$152,636) of which \$104,250 (2025 - \$92,636) has been recorded under Exploration and evaluation assets. These amounts were incurred in the ordinary course of business.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company entered into a consulting agreement with Makwa Exploration Ltd. for the services of James McDonald to act as the Company's President and CEO. Effective January 1, 2017, the base monthly fee for Makwa was amended to \$20,833. The consulting agreement extends in increments of 24 months, until terminated.

In addition to the above:

- a) For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company incurred \$27,000 (2025- \$20,000) for compensation to directors of which \$27,000 (December 31, 2025 - \$27,000) is included in accounts payable.
- b) For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company recorded \$237,952 (2025 – \$78,607) for non-cash share option-based compensation to officers and directors of the Company, of which \$52,776 has been recorded under Exploration and evaluation assets.

## FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

### Critical Accounting Estimates

Please refer to Note 3 of the Company's Audited Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, for additional information under "Significant Accounting Policies".

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates include the collectability of amounts receivable, balances of accrued liabilities, the fair value of financial instruments, the rates for depreciation of property and equipment, the recoverability of mineral property interests, determination of estimates of deferred tax assets and liabilities, and the determination of variables used in the calculations of share-based payments. While management believes that these estimates are reasonable, actual results could differ from those estimates and could impact future results of operations and cash flows.

## OTHER MD&A REQUIREMENTS

### Additional Disclosure for Venture Companies without Significant Revenues

The following table sets forth a breakdown of material components of the office and general costs of the Company for the periods indicated.

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2026</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2025</b>	<b>Year Ended December 31, 2024</b>
	\$	\$	\$
Office	<b>203,079</b>	665,587	565,494
Telephone and postage	<b>9,212</b>	25,350	24,609
Travel, conferences and promotion	<b>1,200,917</b>	2,179,092	900,221

## Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

The following table states the diluted share capital of the Issuer as at May 20, 2026:

	<b>Number Shares Outstanding (Diluted)</b>
<b>Outstanding as at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>88,262,390</b>
Private Placement	8,000,000
Share purchase warrant exercise	3,594,986
Stock option exercise	112,500
Shares issued on vesting of RSU's	35,000
<b>Outstanding as at March 31, 2026</b>	<b>100,004,876</b>
Share purchase warrant exercise	1,480,000
<b>Outstanding as at May 20, 2026</b>	<b>101,484,876</b>
Shares reserved for issuance pursuant share purchase warrants outstanding	16,335,793 <sup>(1)</sup>
Shares reserved for issuance pursuant to restricted and deferred share units	875,000
Shares reserved for issuance pursuant share purchase options outstanding	5,489,295 <sup>(2)</sup>
<b>DILUTED TOTAL AS AT May 20, 2026</b>	<b>124,184,964</b>

Notes

- (1) As at May 20, 2026, the Company had outstanding share purchase warrants, enabling holders to acquire common shares as follows:

Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,504,000	1.40	May 24, 2026
31,161	1.00	May 24, 2026
3,854,585	1.68	April 25, 2026
9,351,150	1.58	June 27, 2028
1,114,897	1.05	June 27, 2028
480,000	2.25	February 10, 2028
<b>16,335,793</b>		

- (2) As at May 20, 2026, the Company had outstanding share purchase options, enabling holders to acquire common shares as follows:

Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
65,000	2.70	July 06, 2026
2,095,000	1.55	January 12, 2028
981,250	0.90	March 06, 2029
2,098,045	1.10	July 20, 2030
250,000	1.19	August 21, 2027
<b>5,489,295</b>		

## Commitments

The Company has entered various contracts for office and warehouse rent in Canada and Mexico. The following summarizes the Company's total annual obligations under these agreements as at March 31, 2026:

2026	74,694
2027	48,538
	<u>\$ 123,232</u>

Mineral property payments and project related commitments have been outlined under the property headings found in the 'Portfolio of Exploration and evaluation assets' section of this MD&A and the consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2026.

**Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting for the Company. Based on an evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end period covered by this MD&A, management believes such controls and procedures are effective in providing reasonable assurance that material items requiring disclosure are identified and reported in a timely manner.

**Cautionary note regarding preparation of Mineral Reserves and Resources**

This MD&A uses the terms "reserves" and "resources" and derivations thereof. These terms have the meanings set forth in Canadian National Instrument 43-101 - Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects (NI 43-101) and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum's Classification System (CIM Standards). NI 43-101 and CIM Standards may differ significantly from the requirements of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). Accordingly, information concerning descriptions of mineralization and resources contained in this Management's Discussion and Analysis may not be comparable to information made public by US domestic companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of the SEC.

**Approval**

This MD&A was approved by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company on May 25, 2026.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information relating to the Company can be found on the Company's website at [www.kootenaysilver.com](http://www.kootenaysilver.com) and on SEDAR+ at [www.sedarplus.ca](http://www.sedarplus.ca).